Jan Sunwai and Saturation Camp
Jan Bhagidari Abhiyan
"Sabse Door, Sabse Pehle"
Under Janjatiya Garima Utsav 2026

Kudilppara Tribal Settlement, Kozhikode District

Report

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs organized the *Jan Bhagidari Abhiyan – Sabse Door, Sabse Pehle* from 18th May to 25th May 2026 under the aegis of *Janjatiya Garima Utsav 2026*. As part of this nationwide initiative, Jan Sunwai programmes were conducted at Adi Seva Kendras (ASKs) to strengthen community participation, grievance redressal, and inclusive governance among tribal communities.

In this connection, KIRTADS (TRI), Keralam conducted a Saturation Camp and Jan Sunwai programme at Kudilppara Tribal Settlement,in Kozhikode District from on 23rd May 2026. The programme witnessed active participation from members of the Kattunaickkan, most populous community among PVTGs of the State.

The objective of the 100% Saturation Camp was to ensure maximum outreach and coverage of all eligible beneficiaries under various tribal welfare and development schemes. The programme focused on:

- Create awareness about various welfare schemes and government services available for tribal communities;
- Facilitate access to entitlements under PM JANMAN and DA-JGUA initiatives;
- Provide a platform for the tribal community to express their concerns, needs, and suggestions directly before officials;
- Strengthen community participation in governance through the spirit of "Bhagidari".

The Scheduled Tribe Development Department of Keralam, in association with the Government Medical College, Kozhikode and this Institute also organized a specialized health outreach and hemoglobin (Hb) screening camp at the hamlet on 23rd May 2026, commencing at 10:00 AM and concluded at 12:00 Noon. The Camp was efficiently managed by a dedicated four-member medical team under the expert supervision of Dr. Munni and her medical staff. The local tribal community demonstrated exemplary cooperation and active

participation throughout the two-hour duration of the camp.

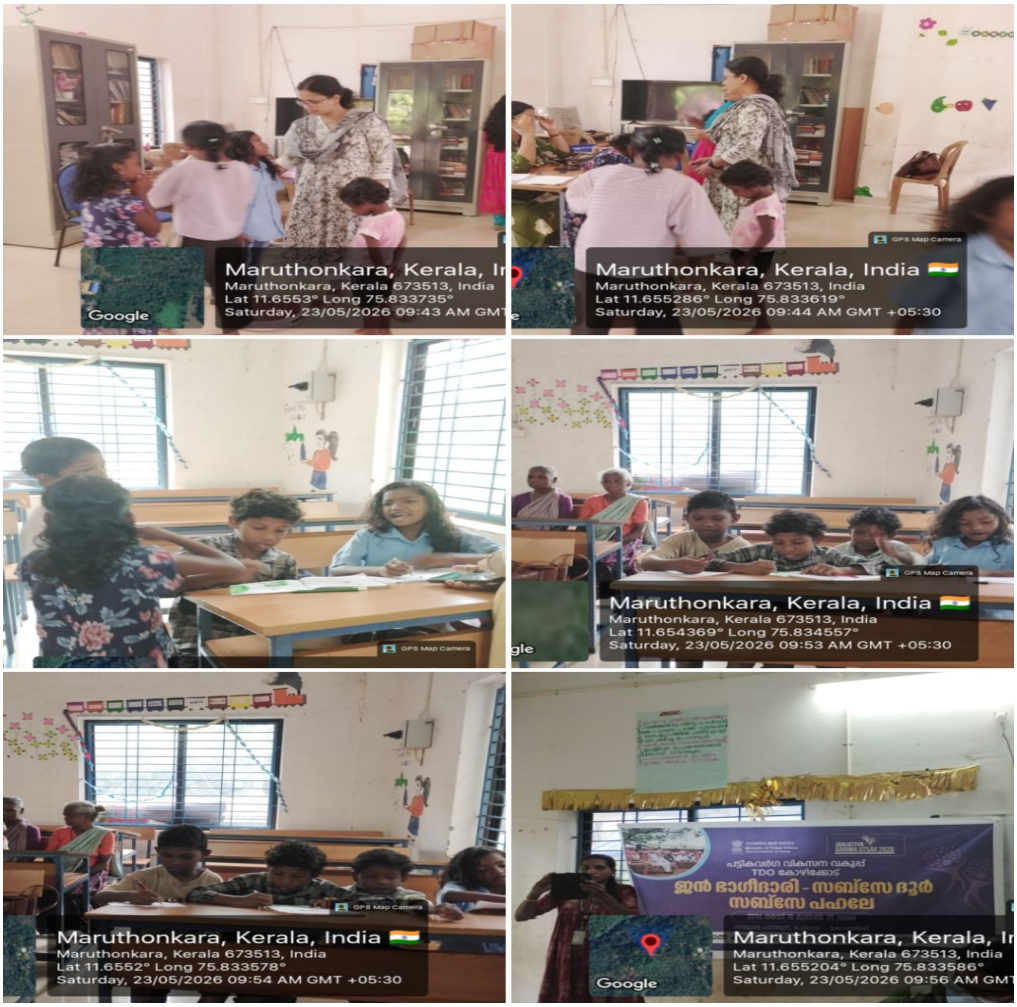
The Kudilpara tribal settlement is demographically comprised of 32 families, encompassing a total population of 93 individuals. During this specific drive, a total of 31 community members attended the medical camp and underwent health screenings. This reflects an individual attendance rate of approximately 33.3% of the total population. While the turnaround was substantial, a portion of the family members could not participate due to a concurrent external checkup happening Kuttyadi primary health centre. The clinical feedback provided by Dr. Munni and the medical team highlighted several prevailing health trends within the settlement. A significant portion of the seeking patients presented acute symptoms of common seasonal ailments, specifically cough, fever, and common colds. Among the adult demographic screened, there was a noticeable prevalence of non-communicable lifestyle diseases, primarily diabetes (sugar) and hypertension (blood pressure).

The most critical and remarkable clinical finding of the camp was the widespread documentation of severely low hemoglobin (Hb) counts across the majority of the screened settlement members (including children). Given the high concentration of low Hb levels within this group, the medical team initiated, in-depth re-testing process. The clinical team noted that if these low counts remain persistent upon re-evaluation, or if any other doubtful indicators arise, these individuals will be systematically referred for specialized sickle cell anemia testing or other tests, aligning with the campaign's core mandate to aggressively screen for prevalent genetic blood disorders in tribal pockets. In line with the implementation and monitoring framework

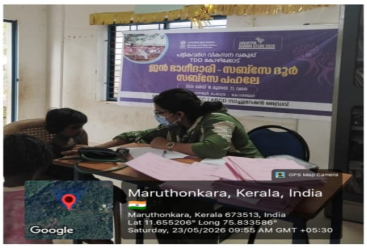
During the camp, interactions were held with community members regarding issues related to education, healthcare, housing, livelihood, documentation, and social welfare benefits. Officials and field functionaries listened to grievances and provided guidance for necessary follow-up actions. Awareness sessions on tribal welfare schemes and rights were also conducted.

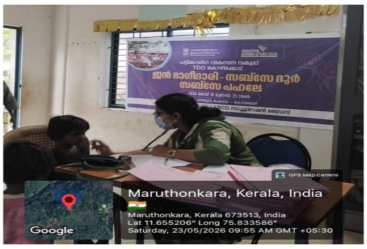
The community members actively participated in the discussions and shared valuable feedback regarding their living conditions and developmental needs. The programme helped in strengthening coordination between the tribal community and the administration while ensuring that government services reach the most remote and vulnerable sections.

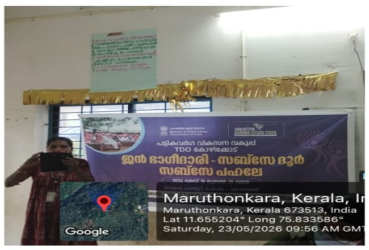
The 100% Saturation Camp and Jan Sunwai conducted at Kudilppara Tribal Settlement was successfully organized in the true spirit of *"Sabse Door, Sabse Pehle"*, reaffirming the commitment towards inclusive development, last-mile service delivery, and participatory governance for tribal communities.















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